Biometrics I - Practice Exam 2

- 1. Identify the possible support and type of each random variable, and assign the most appropriate distribution to each
- i. $Y = \{\text{Test Preparation Tutoring (Received or Did not)}\}$

- · Type: DISCRETE
- · Distribution: BEENOULLI
- ii. $X = \{ \text{Exam Score } (0-100) \}$
- . Support: {0,100}
- · Type: CONTINUOUS
- Distribution: $\frac{Score}{100} \sim BETA$
- 2. Let $Q = \{$ the number of times two dolphins surface for air in a 5-minute observation period $\}$, the distribution of Q is shown below:

q	0	1	2	3	4
P(Q=q)	0.15	0.35	0.28	0.14	0.08

a. Prove that this a legitimate probability distribution

0.15 + 0.35 + 0.18 + 0.14 + 0.08 = 1.00

b. Find
$$\mathbb{E}W$$

$$= \mathcal{L} \otimes \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M})$$

$$= 0(0.15) + 1(0.35) + 2(0.28) + 3(0.14) + 4(0.08)$$

$$= 1.65$$
c. Find $\mathbb{V}W$

$$\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{L}(\omega - \mathbb{E}W)^{2}\mathcal{P}(W = \omega)$$

$$= [(0-1.65)^{2}(0.15)) + ((1-1.65)^{2}(0.35)) + ((2-1.65)^{2}(0.28)) + ((3-1.65)^{2}(0.14)) + ((4-1.65)^{2}(0.08))$$

$$= 1.2875$$

3. Below is the result of a study examining voter registration by age group and political affiliation:

Age Group - Education	Democrat	Republican
18-35 - College Degree	156	87
18-35 - No College Degree	132	108
Over 35 - College Degree	97	123
Over 35 - No College Degree	84	178

a. What's the probability that a person aged 18-35 with a college degree is registered as a Democrat?



b. What's the probability that a voter is registered as a Republican, given that they are over 35?



4. Determine if events A and B are independent or not given that:

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$$P(A) = 0.7, P(B \cap A^{c}) = 0.12, \text{ and } P(A \cup B) = 0.82$$

$$P(A^{c}) = 0.3 \quad P(B \cap A^{c}) = P(B) P(A^{c}) \quad P(B) = 0.12 = 0.4$$

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) = 0.7 + 0.40 - (0.7 + 0.4) = 0.82$$

$$A \Rightarrow B \text{ ARE INPEP}$$

5. Assume A and B are independent. Given P(B) = 0.6 and $P(A^c \cap B^c) = 0.16$, find the following:

a.
$$P(A^{c} \cup B^{c})$$

 $P(A^{c} \cap B^{c}) = P(A^{c}) P(B^{c})$ $0.16 = P(A^{c}) 0.4$ $P(A^{c}) = 0.16$
 $P(B^{c}) = 0.4$ $P(A^{c} \cup B^{c}) = 0.4 * 0.4 - 0.16 = 0.64$
b. $P(B|A) = P(B)$

= 0.6

6. Find P(-0.8 < Z < 1.25)



- 7. The average weight of male elephants is 5200 kg with a standard deviation of 420 kg. The average weight of female elephants is 3500 kg with a standard deviation of 280 kg.
- a. What weight is considered 88^{th} percentile for male elephants?



b. What is the probability that a female elephant is under 3300 kg?



- 8. The daily visitors to a national park are normally distributed with a population mean of $\mu = 1200$ visitors and a standard deviation of $\sigma = 175$ visitors. If a random sample of n = 18 days is taken:
- a. Find the mean of the sample mean, $\mu_{\bar{x}}$.

$$M_{\overline{x}} = \mathcal{M} = |2\mathcal{Q}\mathcal{Q}|$$

b. Find the standard deviation of the sample mean, $\sigma_{\bar{x}}.$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{12} = \frac{175}{18} = 41.25$$

c. Express the distribution of the sample mean \bar{x} in proper notation.

$$\frac{\bar{X} \sim N(1200, 41.25^{2})}{\bar{X} \sim N(1200, \frac{175^{2}}{18})}$$

- 9. An experiment is conducted to observe the difference between growth rates of two varieties of corn. Each variety is planted in a plot that will receive high fertilizer, and a plot that will receive low fertilizer. The plants will be measured after 45 days.
- a. What is/are the EU?

PLOTS

b. Trt(s)? HLL FERILIZER

c. Response? GIROWTH RATE



e. Number of EU per Trt?

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